§520.2158

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[50 FR 38114, Sept. 20, 1985, as amended at 55 FR 23076, June 6, 1990]

§ 520.2158 Streptomycin/dihydrostreptomycin oral dosage forms.

§ 520.2158a Streptomycin sulfate oral solution.

- (a) Specifications. Solution containing 25 percent streptomycin sulfate.
- (b) Sponsor. See Nos. 033008 and 055462 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.610 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Use in drinking water as follows:
- (1) Calves and swine—(i) Amount. 10 to 15 milligrams per pound (mg/pound) of body weight (1.0 to 1.5 grams per gallon).
- (ii) Indications for use. Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella spp. susceptible to streptomycin.
- (iii) Limitations. Calves: Do not administer for more than 5 days. Swine: Do not administer for more than 4 days. Prepare fresh solution daily. Calves: Withdraw 2 days before slaughter. As sole source of streptomycin. Warning: Certain strains of bacteria may develop a tolerance for streptomycin. Consult a veterinarian or animal pathologist for diagnosis.
- (2) *Chickens*—(i) *Amount*. 10 to 15 mg/pound of body weight (0.6 to 0.9 grams per gallon).
- (ii) *Indications for use*. Treatment of nonspecific infectious enteritis caused by organisms susceptible to streptomycin.
- (iii) Limitations. Chickens: Do not administer for more than 5 days. Withdraw 4 days before slaughter. Do not administer to chickens producing eggs for human consumption. Prepare fresh solution daily. As sole source of streptomycin. Warning: Certain strains of bacteria may develop a tolerance for streptomycin. Consult a veterinarian or animal pathologist for diagnosis.
- [57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 47211, Sept. 8, 1993; 63 FR 51821, Sept. 29, 1998]

§ 520.2158b Dihydrostreptomycin tablets.

- (a) Specifications. Each tablet contains 37.5 milligrams dihydrostreptomycin (as the sulfate) with 375 milligrams chlorhexidine dihydrochloride.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.120 and 556.200 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Calves—(1) Amount. 150 milligrams of dihydrostreptomycin and 1.5 grams of chlorhexidine dihydrochloride per 100 pounds of body weight per day.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of bacterial scours in calves.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally once a day for 5 days; withdraw 3 days before slaughter.

[57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992; 57 FR 42623, Sept. 15, 1992]

§ 520.2158c Dihydrostreptomycin oral suspension.

- (a) *Specifications*. Each milliliter contains 1.25 milligrams dihydrostreptomycin (as the sulfate) with 12.5 milligrams chlorhexidine dihydrochloride.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in $\S510.600(c)$ of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.120 and 556.200 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Calves—(1) Amount. 150 milligrams of dihydrostreptomycin and 1.5 grams of chlorhexidine dihydrochloride per 100 pounds of body weight per day.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of bacterial scours in calves.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally once a day for 5 days; withdraw 3 days before slaughter.

[57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992]

§ 520.2160 Styrylpyridinium, diethylcarbamazine oral dosage forms.

§ 520.2170 Sulfabromomethazine sodium boluses.

- (a) Specifications. Each bolus contains 15 grams of sulfabromomethazine sodium.
- (b) $Related\ tolerance.$ See §556.620 of this chapter.
- (c) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (d) NAS/NRC status. These conditions of use are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. NADA's for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.
- (e) Conditions of use. Cattle—(1) Amount. 90 milligrams per pound body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of necrotic pododermatitis (foot rot) and calf diphtheria caused by Fusobacterium necrophorum; colibacillosis (scours) caused by Escherichia coli; bacterial pneumonia and bovine respiratory disease complex (shipping fever complex) associated with Pasteurella spp.; acute metritis and acute mastitis caused by Streptococcus spp.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally; repeat in 48 hours if necessary; milk taken from animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) of latest treatment must not be used for food; do not administer within 18 days of slaughter; discontinue use if hematuria, crystalluria or severe depression are noticed; if signs persist after 2 or 3 days consult a veterinarian.

[47 FR 30243, July 13, 1982, as amended at 62 FR 63270, Nov. 28, 1997]

§ 520.2184 Sodium sulfachloropyrazine monohydrate.

- (a) Chemical name. 2-Sulfamido-6-chloroxyrazine, sodium.
- (b) Sponsor. See Nos. 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.625 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used in the drinking water of broilers, breeder flocks, and replacement chickens as follows:
 - (1) Amount. 0.03 percent.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of coccidiosis.
- (3) Limitations. Administer in drinking water for 3 days as sole source of drinking water and sulfonamide medication; withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter; not to be administered to chickens producing eggs for human consumption.
- [40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985; 54 FR 12188, Mar. 24, 1989; 55 FR 8460, Mar. 8, 1990; 64 FR 15684, Apr. 1, 1999; 67 FR 78355, Dec. 24, 2002]

§ 520.2200 Sulfachlorpyridazine.

- (a) Specifications.—(1) Sodium sulfachlorpyridazine powder.
- (2) Each bolus contains 2 grams sulfachlorpyridazine.
- (3) Each tablet contains 250 milligrams (mg) sulfachlorpyridazine.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000010 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.630 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:
- (1) Calves—(i) Amount. Administer 30 to 45 mg sulfachlorpyridazine powder per pound (/lb) of body weight per day in milk or milk replacer, or in a bolus, in divided doses twice daily for 1 to 5 days.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by *Escherichia coli* (colibacillosis).
- (iii) Limitations. Treated ruminating calves must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 7 days after the last treatment. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for yeal.
- (2) Swine—(i) Amount. Administer 20 to 35 mg/lb body weight per day, in divided doses twice daily for 1 to 5 days:
 - (A) In drinking water or
- (B) For individual treatment, in an oral suspension containing 50 mg per milliliter.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by *E. coli* (colibacillosis).
- (iii) *Limitations*. Treated swine must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 4 days after the last treatment.
- (3) Dogs—(i) Amount. Administer tablets orally at 500 mg per 10 to 15 lb of body weight daily, in two or three divided doses.
- (ii) Indications for use. As an aid in the treatment of infectious tracheobronchitis and infections caused by E. coli, and in the treatment of infections caused by other Grampositive and Gram-negative organisms that are susceptible to sulfonamide therapy.